

# A Urea/Carbamate-Based Allosteric Antagonist Platform for Functional Modulation of P2X7 Signaling in CNS Neuroinflammation



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# Technology Transfer Brief

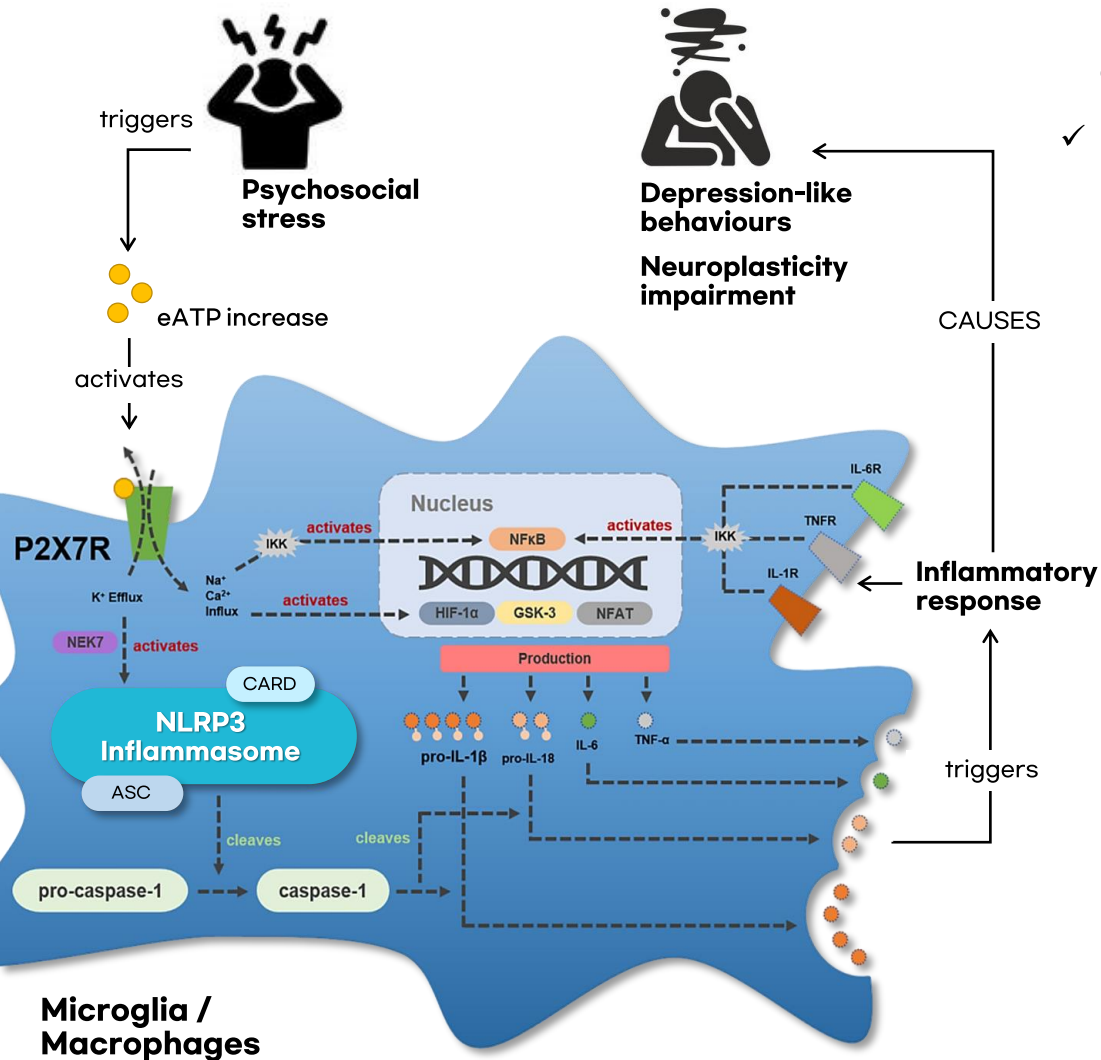
**A Urea/Carbamate-Based Allosteric Antagonist Platform for Functional Modulation of P2X7 Signaling in CNS Neuroinflammation**

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# 01 CNS Neuroinflammation Is an Upstream Signaling Problem



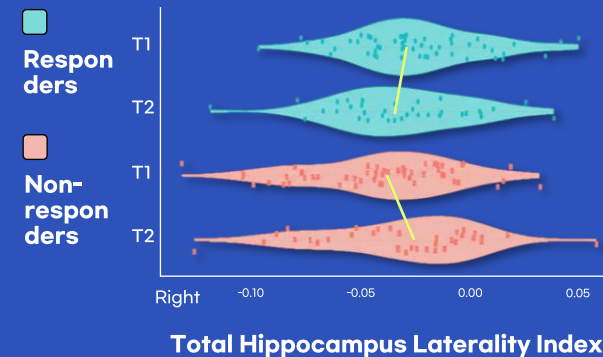
- ✓ **P2X7 receptor-mediated activation of NLRP3 inflammasome : key upstream driver of neuroinflammation in CNS disorders.**

(\*Inflammation-associated depression, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease)

- ✓ **Conventional therapeutic limitations :** (in inflammation-associated depression)

- ① **Antidepressants** : Target monoaminergic neurotransmission, with limited efficacy in inflammation-associated depressive subtypes.
- ② **P2X7 receptor antagonists** : Developed for peripheral inflammatory diseases, with limited efficacy against CNS pathological processes.

## Structural Brain Recovery Fails in SSRI Non-Responders



- Structural recovery after SSRI treatment is limited to responders, with persistent structural pathology in non-responders.
- Limitations of symptom-focused antidepressant therapy.

## Inflammatory Burden in Moderate to Severe Depression

Low (PLR < 5) **23%**

High (PLR ≥ 5) **77%**

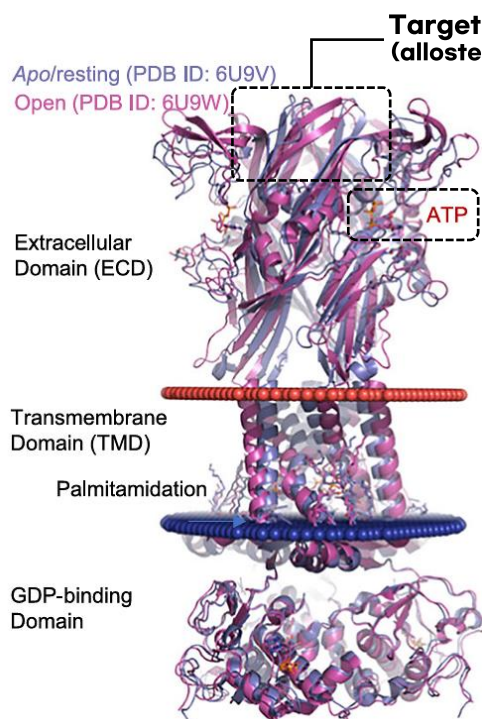


- High inflammatory burden in patients with severe depression.
- Need for combination therapeutic strategies in severe cases.



## 02 Technology Overview

- ✓ Existing P2X7 antagonists establish the PCP as a functional allosteric target.
- ✓ The remaining challenge is **how to accommodate structural diversity** across PCP sub-pockets at the chemical design level.

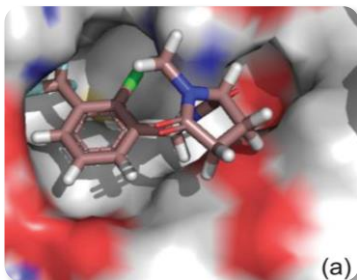


P2X7 is an ATP-gated trimeric ion channel whose extracellular conformational changes drive channel opening and downstream neuroinflammatory signaling.

- CNS-focused P2X7 antagonists target the allosteric site at the portal of the central pocket (PCP), distinct from the ATP-binding site.
- **Allosteric sites** : **regulates channel gating** by controlling key structural elements such as the flipper, lower body, and central pocket.



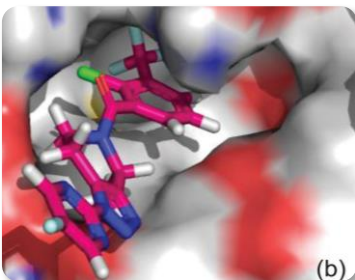
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- Chemotype : Diaryl/heteroaromatic small-molecule scaffold.
- An early reference P2X7 antagonist used to establish allosteric binding at the PCP region.
- **Rigid binding mode.**

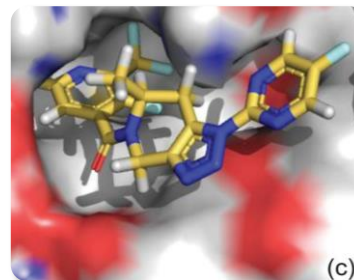


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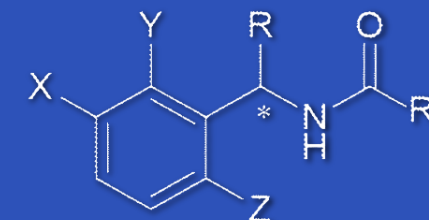
- Chemotype : Polycyclic aromatic scaffold.
- A clinically advanced P2X7 antagonist demonstrating PCP engagement in CNS-targeted development.
- **Limited sub-pocket adaptability.**

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- Chemotype : Bulky heteroaromatic scaffold.
- A later-generation antagonist illustrating distinct binding modes within the PCP allosteric site.
- **Bulky scaffold constraints.**

### A Flexible Allosteric Antagonist Platform for P2X7R



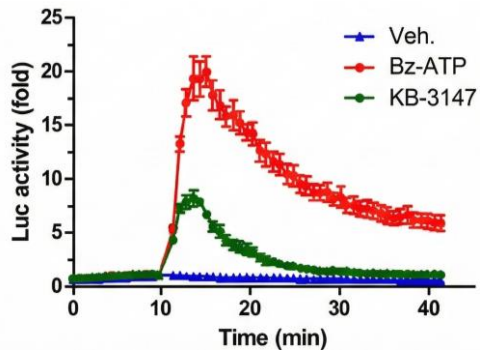
- **Urea/carbamate** chemotypes : Enable flexible binding across heterogeneous PCP sub-pockets.
- **Chemically tunable scaffold** : Adapts to allosteric gating conformations, stabilizing non-conductive P2X7 states.

# 03 Key Features & Advantages

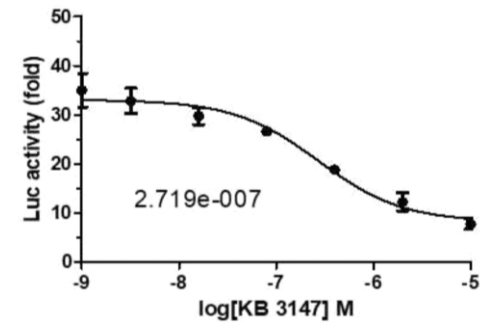
## ① Inhibition of Functional Activation

- **Luciferase signal** : Suppressed both the peak response and sustained activity over time, consistent with reduced  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ -dependent signaling.
- **Dose response** : Inhibited in a dose-dependent manner, demonstrating high functional potency in the sub-micromolar range.

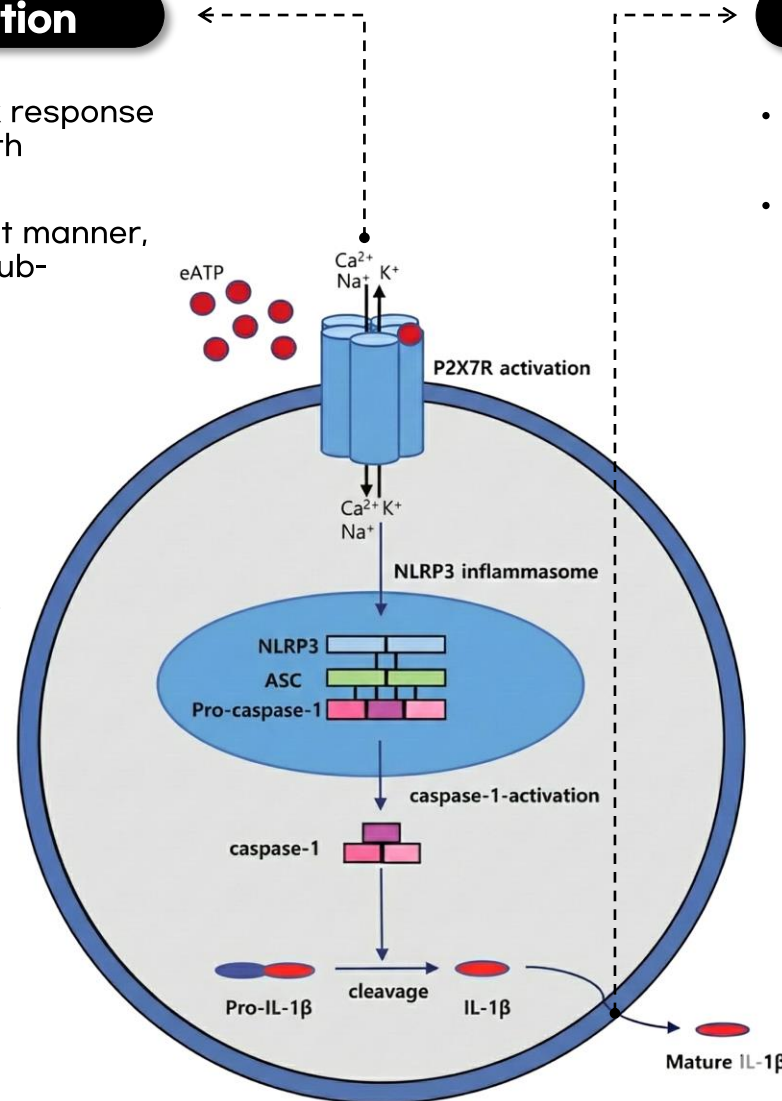
### P2X7 : BZ-ATP/KB 3147



- Reduced peak luciferase response.
- Reduced sustained luciferase activity over time.

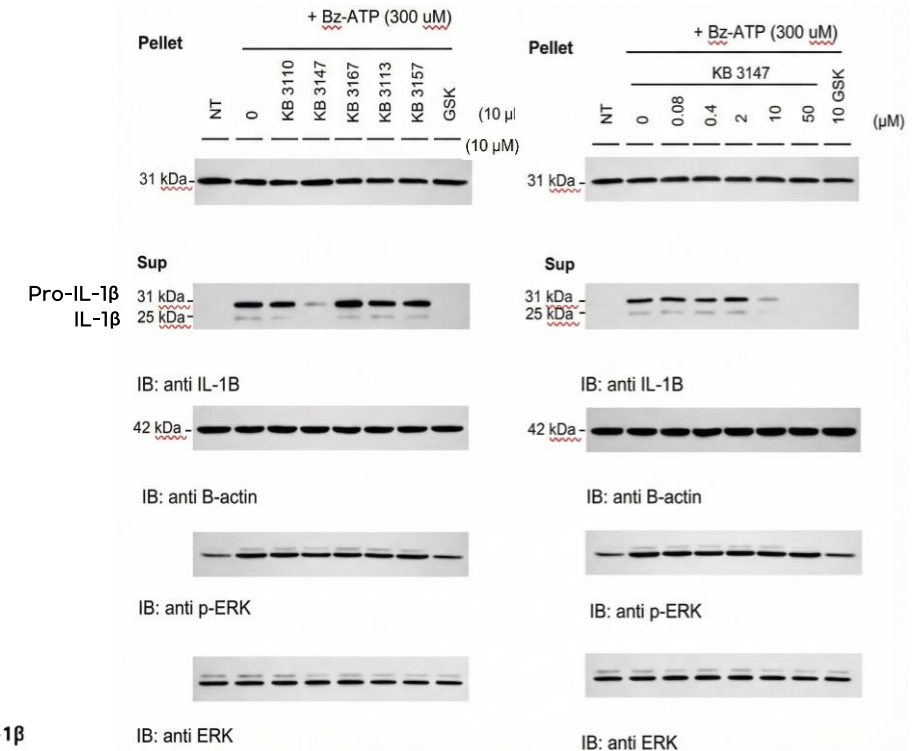


- Dose-dependent reduction of luciferase activity.
- Sub-micromolar functional potency.



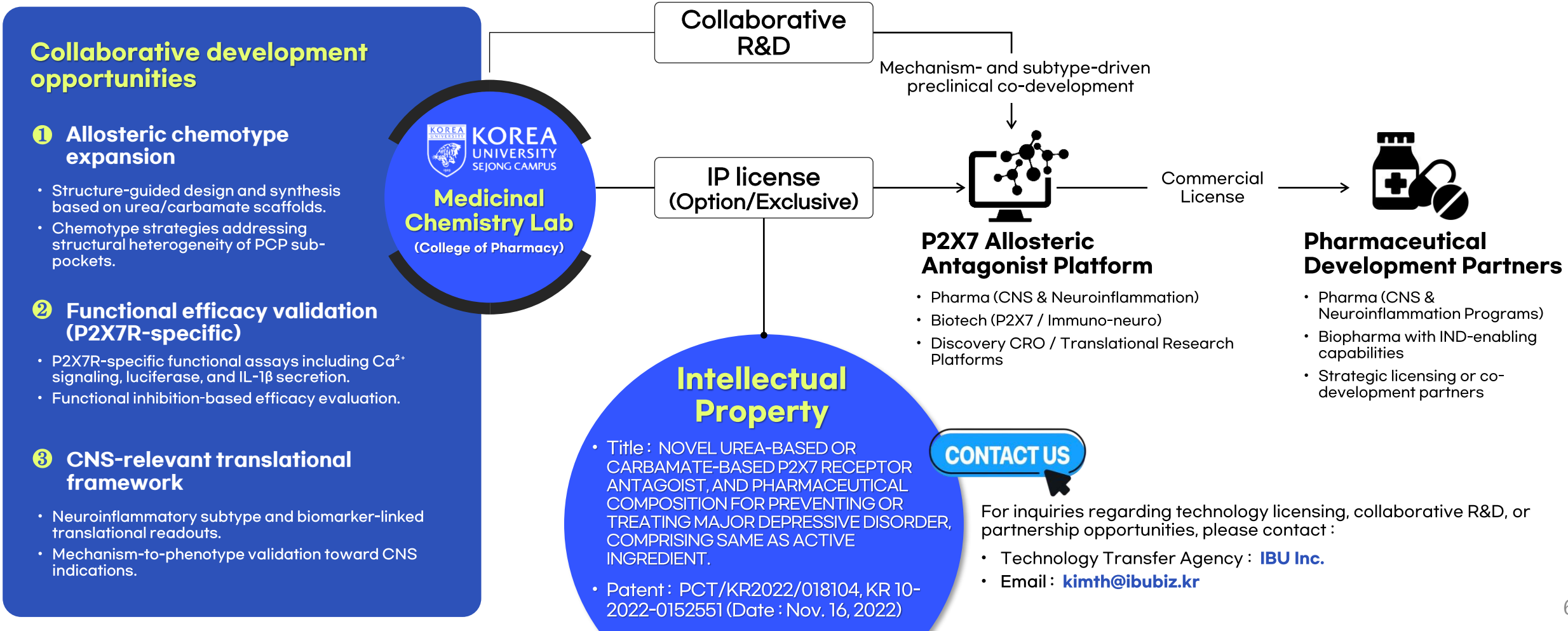
## ② IL-1 $\beta$ Secretion Suppression

- **P2X7R antagonist (KB3147)** : Dose-dependently inhibits Bz-ATP-induced IL-1 $\beta$  secretion in the culture supernatant.
- **Preserved Intracellular IL-1 $\beta$  and ERK Signaling** : Excludes inhibition of cytokine production and nonspecific cytotoxic effects.



## 04 Strategic Business Opportunities

- ✓ **Business Vision** : A urea/carbamate-based allosteric approach to functionally modulate P2X7 receptor signaling in CNS neuroinflammation.
- ✓ **Engagement Model** : Staged licensing and preclinical co-development partnerships.



# Partnering to **unlock new business opportunities** through innovation.

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